DC INVERTER Heat Pump

Installation Manual



Air to Water Heat

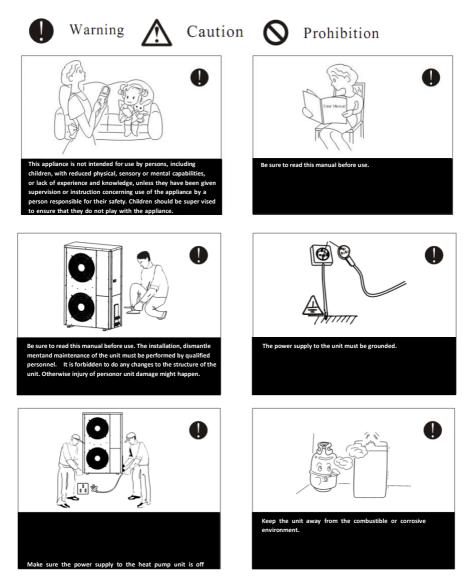
Pump

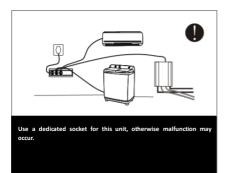
Heating+Cooling+DHW

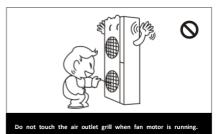
Attention

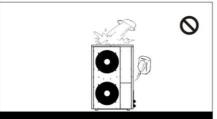
Thank you for choosing our product, we shall be more than glad to service you. For you to better operate this product and to prevent accidents due to misoperation, please read carefully this user manual before carrying out any installation or operation, also please pay special attention to the warning, prohibition and attention instructions. We are continuously supplementing and upgrading this user manual to better service for you!

1. Attentions

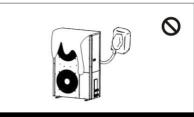








Water or any kind of liquid is strictly forbidden to be poured into the product, or may case creepage or breakdown of the product.



When running the unit, never cover clothes, plastic cloth or any other material that block ventilation on the product which will lead to low efficiency or even non-operation of this unit.





It is mandatory to use a suitable circuit breaker for the heat pump and make sure the power supply to the heater corresponds to the specifications. Otherwise the unit might be damaged.

2. Installation instructions

1. Installation should comply with local regulations and requirements.

2. Choose a suitable space for use (please refer to indoor/outdoor unit location selection). The cooling capacity/heating capacity of the heat pump should be compatible with the size, height, and heat insulation effect of the room.

3. Before installation, be sure to confirm the neutral line, L, N, A phase, B phase, C phase, ground line of the user power supply and the neutral line of the heat pump, L, N, A phase, B phase, C phase, ground One correspondence.

4. This heat pump complies with the safety and operation standards issued by the country.

5. When the heat pump needs to be installed or moved. It must be operated by professional refrigeration installation and maintenance personnel. Heat pumps installed by non-professionals are prone to quality or safety problems.

6. The user should provide a power supply that satisfies the installation and use. The allowable range of voltage that can be used by this product is $\pm 10\%$ of the rated value. If this range is exceeded, it will affect the normal operation of the heat pump. If necessary, use a voltage stabilizer to avoid property damage.

7. The heat pump must have an independent circuit. The independent circuit needs to install a leakage protector and an automatic circuit breaker. Need to be purchased by the user.

8. The heat pump should be installed in accordance with the national wiring regulations.

9. The heat pump must be grounded correctly and reliably, otherwise it may cause electric shock or fire

10. Please do not turn on the power of the heat pump until the piping and wires are connected and carefully checked.

3.R32 refrigerant introduction

The heat pump uses environmentally friendly R32 refrigerant. This is a slightly flammable refrigerant. Although it can burn and explode under certain conditions, as long as it is installed in a room of the correct area and used correctly, there will be no danger of combustion and explosion. Compared with ordinary refrigerants, R32 is an environmentally friendly refrigerant that does not destroy the ozone layer, and its greenhouse effect value is also very low.

R32 heat pump room area requirements

The area of the heat pump installation, operation and storage room should be larger than 4 square meters.



- 1. Please read this manual before installation, operate and maintenance.
- 2. Except as specifically recommended by the manufacturer, pls do not use any method to speed up the defrosting process or clean the frosted part.
- 3. Pls do not puncture or ignite the heat pump.
- The heat pump should be stored in a room without a continuous fire source (such as gas appliances ignited by an open flame, electric heaters, etc.).
- 5. When repairs are required, please contact the nearest after-sales service center. When repairing, you must strictly abide by the operation manual provided by the manufacturer, and it is forbidden to repair by non-professionals.
- 6. Pls comply with the relevant national gas laws and regulations.
- The refrigerant in the system needs to be recovered and removed during maintenance or disposal.



Repair of sealing elements

1.When repairing closed components, disconnect the power supply to the equipment before opening the sealed cover. If power supply is necessary during the maintenance process, continuous leak detection should be performed on the most dangerous parts to prevent potentially dangerous situations from happening.

2.In the following maintenance of electrical components, special care should be taken not to affect the protection level of the enclosure. Improper maintenance methods may cause: damage to cables, excessive connections, terminals not installed according to the original regulations, damage to the seal, incorrect installation of the sealing cover and other dangers. Ensure that the installation of the equipment is safe and reliable. Ensure that the sealing or sealing material will not lose its function of preventing the entry of flammable gas due to aging. Replacement parts should meet the manufacturer's specifications.

Note: The use of silicon-containing sealants may reduce the detection capabilities of leak detection equipment. Intrinsically safe components do not need to be isolated before operation.

Maintenance of intrinsically safe components

If it is not possible to ensure that the heat pump does not exceed the allowable voltage and current limits during use, do not use any permanent inductive or capacitive load in the circuit.

Intrinsically safe components are the only components that can continue to work in flammable gases. The test instrument should be set in the correct gear.

The replacement components can be only used the parts specified by the manufacturer, other parts may cause the refrigerant leaking in the air to catch fire.

Cable

Check whether the cable will be affected by wear, corrosion, overpressure, vibration, sharp edges or other adverse environments. The inspection should also consider the influence of aging or continuous vibration of the compressor and fan on the cable.

Leak inspection of R32 refrigerant

Check for refrigerant leakage should be done in an environment where there is no potential ignition source. Halogen probes (or any other detectors that use open flames) should not be used for detection

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Leak detection method

For systems containing R32 refrigerant, an electronic leak detector can be used for testing. The test should be calibrated in a refrigerant-free environment to ensure that the leak detector does not become a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant being tested. The leak detector should be set to the lowest flammable concentration of the refrigerant (expressed as a percentage), calibrated with the refrigerant used and adjusted to the appropriate gas concentration test range (up to 25%).

The fluid used to detect leaks is suitable for most refrigerants, but do not use chlorine-containing solvents to prevent chlorine and refrigerants from reacting and corroding copper pipes.

If a leak is suspected, all open flames should be removed from the scene or the fire should be extinguished.

If welding is required at the location where the leakage occurs, all refrigerants should be recovered, or all refrigerants should be isolated away from the leakage point (use shut-off valves). Oxygen-free nitrogen (OFN) is used to purify the entire system before and during welding.

Remove and vacuum

Maintenance or other operations on the refrigeration circuit should be performed in accordance with normal procedures. However, the safety should also be considered, and the following procedures should be followed:

- 1. Remove refrigerant;
- 2. Purify the pipeline with inert gas;
- 3. Vacuum;
- 4. Purify the pipeline with inert gas again;
- 5. Cut the pipe or weld it.

The refrigerant should be recycled into a suitable storage tank. The system should be purged with oxygen-free nitrogen . This process may need to be repeated several times. Do not use compressed air or oxygen for this operation.

In the purging process, the system is filled with oxygen-free nitrogen to reach the working pressure under the vacuum state of the system, and then the oxygen-free nitrogen is discharged into the atmosphere, and finally the system is evacuated. Repeat this process until all refrigerant in the system is removed. After filling the oxygen-free nitrogen for the last time, exhaust the gas to atmospheric pressure, and then the system can be welded. The above operations are necessary for pipeline welding operations.

Ensure that there is no ignition source near the outlet of the vacuum pump and good ventilation.

Procedure of refrigerant filling

As a supplement for the conventional procedures, the following requirements have been added:

1. Ensure that when using equipment of refrigerant filling, there will not be the mutual contamination between different refrigerants. The pipeline of refrigerant filling should be as short as possible to reduce the residual amount of refrigerant;

2. When filling refrigerant, there should be without the fire source near the unit;

3. Make sure that the refrigerant system has taken grounding measures before charging the refrigerant;

4. After filling refrigerant (or not finished), stick the label on the system;

5. Must be careful not excessive filling;

Perform a pressure test with oxygen-free nitrogen before refilling refrigerant into the system. After filling, a leak test must be carried out before the trial operation. The leak test must be carried out again when leaving the area.

Scrapping

Before proceeding with this procedure, the technician should be fully familiar with the equipment and all of its characteristics. It is recommended to recover safe refrigerant. If it is necessary to re-use the recovered refrigerant, samples of refrigerant and oil should be analyzed before operation. Before testing, please ensure that you have got the required power source.

Being familiar with the equipment and its operation;

2. Disconnecting the power supply;

3. Before proceeding with this procedure making sure that:

If necessary, the equipment of mechanical operation should be convenient to operate the refrigerant storage tank;

Il All personal protective equipment are effective and can be used correctly;

¹²The entire recycling process should be carried out under the guidance of qualified persons; Recycling equipment and refrigerant storage tanks should meet the corresponding standards.

Maintenance safety matters

Warning

1. For repairs or scrapping, please contact the nearest or authorized service center.

2. Repairs performed by unqualified personnel may be dangerous.

3. When charging the heat pump with R32 refrigerant and maintaining it, please strictly observe the manufacturer's requirements. This chapter mainly focuses on the special maintenance requirements of R32 refrigeration appliances. Please refer to the after-sales service manual for

detailed maintenance operations.

Qualification requirements for maintenance personnel

1. All operating personnel or refrigeration circuit maintenance personnel should obtain a valid certificate issued by an industry-recognized evaluation agency to determine that they have the qualifications for safe handling of refrigerants as required by the industry-recognized evaluation specifications.

2. The maintenance and repair of the equipment can only be carried out in accordance with the method recommended by the equipment manufacturer. If other professionals are required to assist in maintaining and repairing the equipment, it should be carried out under the supervision of personnel qualified to use flammable refrigerants.

Site inspection

Before repairing heat pumps using R32 refrigerant, safety inspections must be carried out to ensure that the risk of fire is minimized. When servicing the refrigeration system, the following precautions should be observed before handling the system.

Operational procedure

Operations should be carried out under a controlled procedure to ensure that the risk from combustible gases or vapors is minimal during operations.

General operating area

All maintenance people and other people in the operation area should be aware of the character of the operation being performed. Avoid working in confined Spaces.Work areas should be properly isolated to ensure safe working conditions within the work area by controlling combustible materials.

Check whether the refrigerant is present

Refrigerant monitors are necessary to be used in the area before and during operations to ensure that technicians are aware of the presence of potentially combustible gases. Ensure that the leak detection equipment used is suitable for R32 refrigerants, such as sparkless, fully sealed, or intrinsically safe.

Placement of fire extinguishers

The applicable fire extinguisher should be located close to the cooling system or related components during hot working operations. The refrigerant injection area should be equipped with dry powder or carbon dioxide fire extinguisher.

No fire

Any fire sources should not be used when performing work related to exposed pipes that hold or have held R32 refrigerant which may cause a fire or explosion hazard. All sources of fire,

including smoking, should be kept away from the area of installation, repair, removal and disposal of combustible refrigerants that may release into the surrounding environment.Before starting operations, check the environment around the equipment to ensure that there is no danger of flammability or fire.There should be a "no smoking" sign.

Ventilated area

Ensure that the work area is open or fully ventilated before opening the system or performing thermal processing operations. Keep ventilation during operation. Ventilation will safely dilute the leaked refrigerant and quickly discharge it into the atmosphere.

Inspection of refrigeration equipment

If the electrical components are replaced, these electrical components should be installed in accordance with the purpose of use and correct operation regulations. At all times, you should follow the manufacturer's maintenance and repair guidelines. If you have any questions, please consult the manufacturer's technical department. For installations using R32 refrigerant heat pumps, the following inspection items apply:

1. The filling amount should be determined according to the marked amount on the heat pump's rating plate.

2. The ventilation equipment should operate normally, and the vents should be unobstructed.

3.If an indirect refrigeration cycle is used, please check whether there is refrigerant in the secondary circuit.

4. The logo or marking on the heat pump should be clearly visible, and the ambiguous signs and symbols should be corrected;

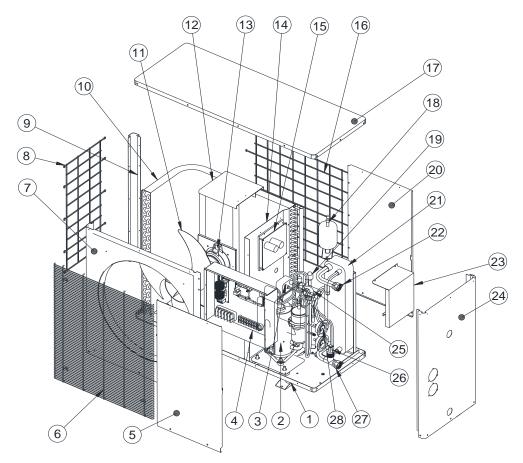
5. Refrigeration piping or electrical components should not be installed in an environment that contains components that may be corrosive to contact the refrigerant, unless the electrical components themselves are made of anti-corrosion materials or take appropriate anti-corrosion measures.



- a. To avoid electrical shock, make sure to disconnect power supply 1minute or more before operating the electrical part. Even after 1minute, always measure the voltage at the terminals of main circuit capacitors or electrical parts and, before touching, make sure that those voltages are lower than the safety voltage.
- b. Power supply wire line size must be selected according to this manual. And must be grounded.
- C. Don't put in hands or stick to air outlet grill when fan motor are working.

- d. Don't use wet hand touch wire lines, and don't pull any wire lines of the unit.
- **e.** Water or any other kind liquid is forbidden to poured into the unit.
- f. Select correct air breaker and leakage protection switch.
- g. Don't touch the fin of source side heat exchanger, it may hurt your finger.
- h. If any wire line is loose or damaged, suggest let qualified person to fix i

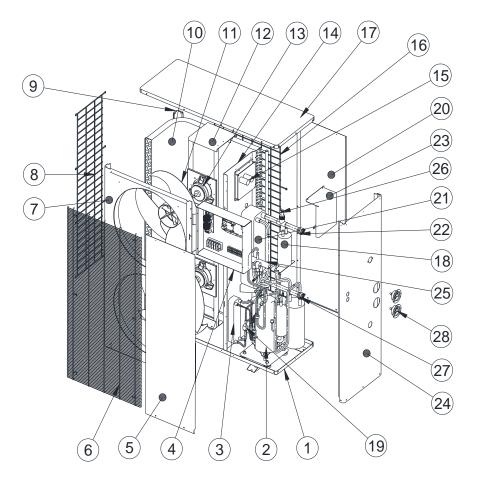
4.Heat pump installation and wiring



<u>CGK025V3L-B、CGK-025V3L-B、CGK030V3L-B、CGK-030V3L-B、CGK040V3L-B、CGK-040V3L-B</u>

| No. | Component | No. | Component |
|-----|------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | Chassis | 15 | Variable frequency drive |
| 2 | Compressor | 16 | Back net |
| 3 | Economizer | 17 | Cover |
| 4 | Electric box | 18 | Reservoir |
| 5 | Front service panel | 19 | Electronic expansion valve |
| 6 | Front wire mesh | 20 | Rear service panel |
| 7 | Front air outlet frame | 21 | Condenser |
| 8 | Side net | 22 | outlet |
| 9 | Column | 23 | Variable frequency drive cover plate |
| 10 | Evaporator | 24 | Right side panel |
| 11 | Wind leaf | 25 | Four way valve |
| 12 | Motor support | 26 | Water flow switch |
| 13 | Motor | 27 | Inlet |
| 14 | Middle diaphragm | 28 | Pressure gauge |

Important parts in heat pump

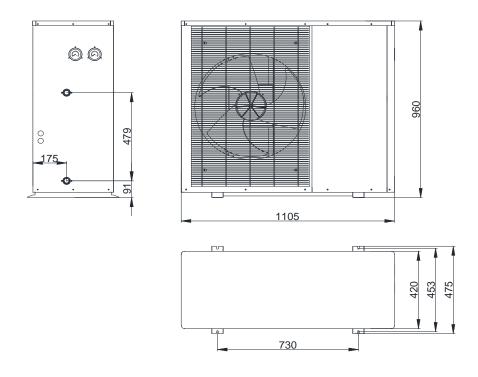


<u>CGK050V3L-B、CGK-050V3L-B、CGK060V3L-B、CGK-060V3L-B</u>

| No. | Component | No. | Component |
|-----|------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | Chassis | 15 | Variable frequency drive |
| 2 | Compressor | 16 | Back net |
| 3 | Economizer | 17 | Cover |
| 4 | Electric box | 18 | Reservoir |
| 5 | Front service panel | 19 | Electronic expansion valve |
| 6 | Front wire mesh | 20 | Rear service panel |
| 7 | Front air outlet frame | 21 | Condenser |
| 8 | Side net | 22 | outlet |
| 9 | Column | 23 | Variable frequency drive cover plate |
| 10 | Evaporator | 24 | Right side panel |
| 11 | Wind leaf | 25 | Four way valve |
| 12 | Motor support | 26 | Water flow switch |
| 13 | Motor | 27 | Inlet |
| 14 | Middle diaphragm | 28 | Pressure gauge |

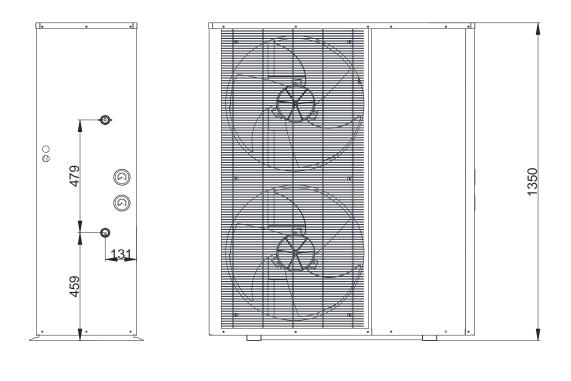
Heat pump size

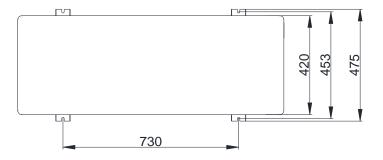
CGK025V3L-B、CGK-025V3L、GK030V3L-B、CGK-030V3L-B



CGK040V3L-B、CGK-040V3L、

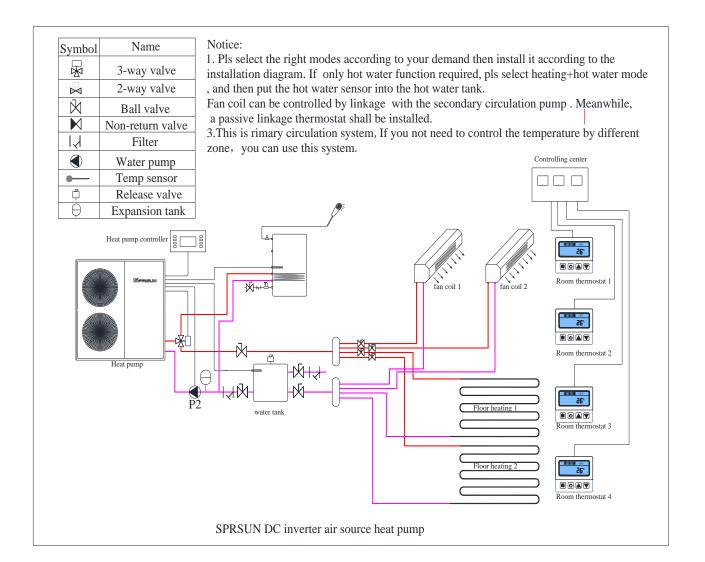
Heat pump size



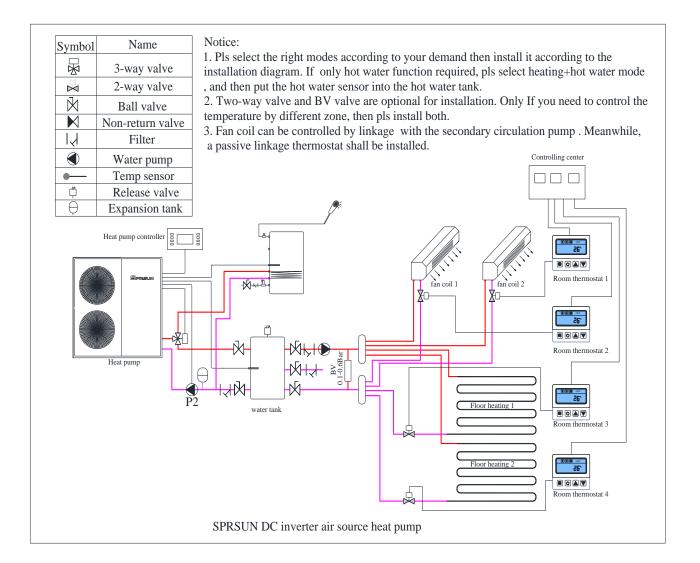


CGK050V3L-B、CGK-050V3L-B、CGK060V3L-B、CGK-060V3L-B

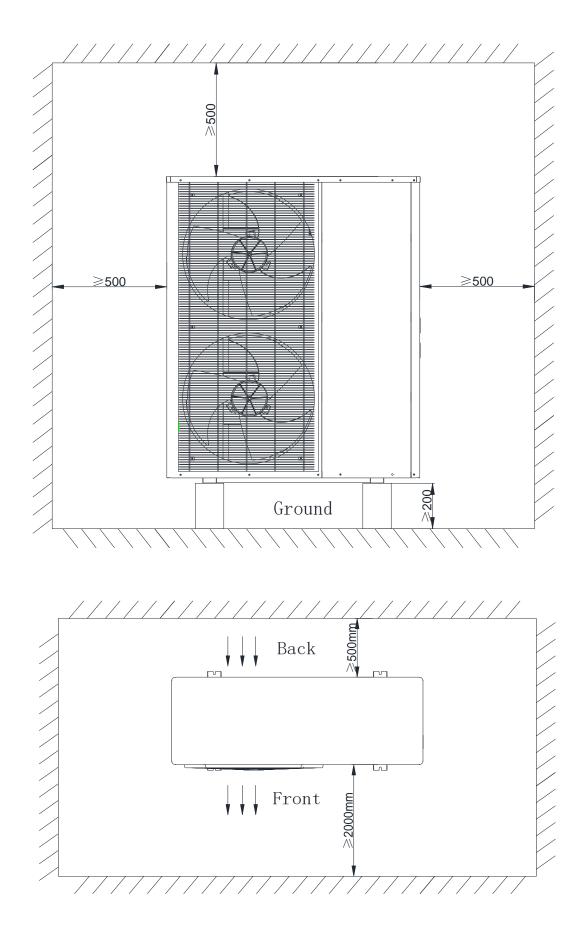
Primary circulation system



Secondary circulation system



- The heat pump must be installed in open space. Normally is installed on the roof of house.
- The unit should be placed in dry and well-ventilated environment. If the environment is humid, electronic components may get corroded or short circuit.
- Heat pump mustn't be installed in the environment where corrosive, volatile, or flammable liquid or gas exists.
- Because of the noise is a little loud, please don't install the heat pump near bedroom or living room or meeting room.
- 5) The bottom of the heat pump should be at least 200mm higher than ground, because rain water, snow may enter inside if the installation is on ground. Heat pump can be installed on concrete basic or steel support.
- 6) Please install a shed for the heat pump, otherwise, rain water can reduce the lifetime of the shell, and snow may cover the air outlet.
- 7) Water drainage ditch should be set around the heat pump, when heat pump is working, there is condensing water flow down, or when defrosting, there are plenty of water flow down too.
- Heat pump should far away from kitchen exhaust, because the finned tube is not easy to clean if there is oil on it.



Basic of installation

- Heat pump must be installed on flat concrete blocks or a raised concrete platform, or steel bracket.
- Between heat pump and basic or bracket, at leas 4pcs anti-shock pads should be placed





Concrete basic

Steel bracket

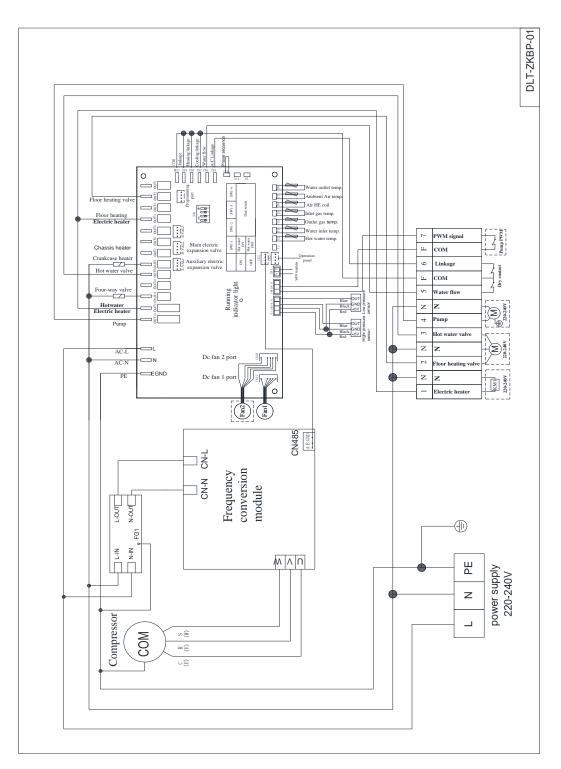


Expansion bolt

- 3) Before make basic or bracket, please check heat pump dimension
- Before fix heat pump on basic, please confirm heat pump direction according to project design.
- 5) Normally use expansion bolt to fix heat pump on concrete basic.
- 6) Make sure circulating water pipe must be ≥DN25 (or PPR32), and pipes must be insulated.
- 7) When install water temp sensor on pipe or in water tank, make sure tempsensor will not touch water directly, best through a sensor tube. Like below picture.

Wiring diagram

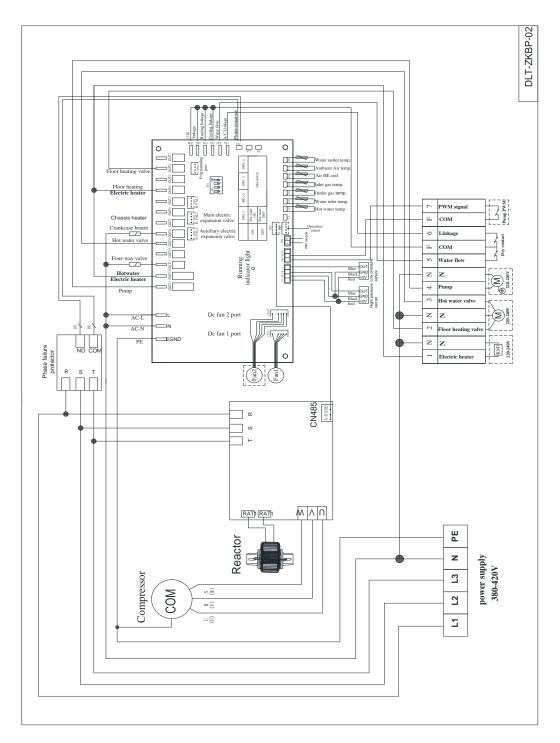
220V



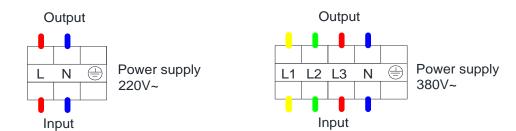
Voltage: 220V \sim 240V/50Hz or 60 Hz/1Ph

Wiring diagram

380V

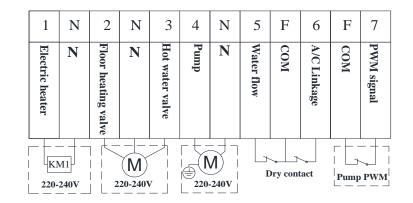


Voltage: 380V \sim 420V/50Hz or 60 Hz/3Ph



(Main power terminal)

| Model | Line(mm ²) | Max. Current(A) | Model | Line(mm ²) | Max. Current(A) |
|-------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| CGK025V3L-B | 4 | 13.49 | CGK-025V3L-B | 2.5 | 6.35 |
| CGK030V3L-B | 4 | 18.7 | CGK-030V3L-B | 2.5 | 8.25 |
| CGK040V2LS | 6 | 23.57 | CGK-040V2LS | 2.5 | 10.39 |
| CGK050V3L-B | 6 | 29.21 | CGK-050V3L-B | 4 | 12.86 |
| CGK060V3L-B | 6 | 33.04 | CGK-060V3L-B | 4 | 14.48 |



(Control terminal)

${\bf 1}_{\bf n} \quad {\rm Other \ problem \ and \ repairing}$

| No | Error | Possible reason | Method |
|----|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| 1 | Heat pump doesn't run | Power supply cable is loose The fuse of power supply is fused. | Cut off the power supply to check and repair. Change the fuse. |
| 2 | Heating capacity is too small | Refrigerant is not enough Water system insulating is not good Air heat exchanger is dirty Water heat exchanger scaled | Check leakage and repair and refill gas Improve the insulation Clean air heat exchanger Clean water heat exchanger |
| 3 | Compressor doesn't run | Power supply has error Cable connecting is loose Compressor is overheat | Check reason and solve Check loose and repair Check reason and repair |
| 4 | Compressor noise is loud | Expansion valve damaged lead to liquid entering compressor The internal parts of compressor damaged Compressor lack of oil | Change expansion valve Change compressor Compensate oil for compressor |
| 5 | Fan motor doesn't run | Fan blade fixing screw is loose Fan motor damaged Fan motor capacitance damaged | Tight the screw Change fan motor Change the capacitance |

| Compressor 6 run, but not heat | There is not refrigerant at all Compressor damaged | Check leakage and repair Change compressor |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
|--------------------------------------|---|---|

